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TOTAL MARKS

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION MAY 2024

CONSUMER STUDIES

EXAMINATION NUMBER

Grid for examination number

Time: 3 hours

200 marks

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- 1. This question paper consists of 30 pages. Please check that your question paper is complete.
2. This paper is divided into four sections:
SECTION A: Food and Nutrition and Consumer-related Issues
SECTION B: Clothing and Consumer-related Issues
SECTION C: Housing and Furnishings and Consumer-related Issues
SECTION D: Extended Writing Response
3. Read the questions carefully.
4. Answer ALL the questions on the question paper and hand this in at the end of the examination. Remember to write your examination number in the space provided on the question paper.
5. The marks allocated to each question will indicate the detail required.
6. Calculators may be used.
7. It is in your own interest to write legibly and to present your work neatly.
8. TWO blank pages (pages 29 and 30) are included at the end of the paper. If you run out of space for a question, use these pages. Clearly indicate the number of your answer should you use this extra space.

Table with 10 columns: Question, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, Total. Rows include Marks, Obtained, Moderated, Checked, Remark.

SECTION A FOOD AND NUTRITION AND CONSUMER-RELATED ISSUES

Spend approximately 60 minutes on this section.

QUESTION 1

1.1 MULTIPLE CHOICE

Choose the most correct answer to each of the following questions. Write only the letter of your choice in the table below.

Question	1.1.1	1.1.2	1.1.3	1.1.4	1.1.5
Answer					

1.1.1 The continuous rise in the prices of goods and services is referred to as ...

- A interest rate.
- B commission.
- C inflation.
- D levies. (1)

1.1.2 Which of the following best describes globalisation?

- A The process of reducing trade barriers and promoting international economic integration.
- B The belief in the superiority of one's own culture and the exclusion of foreign influences.
- C The implementation of strict immigration policies to protect domestic industries and job opportunities.
- D The use of technology to facilitate local economic development without international involvement. (1)

1.1.3 This medical condition is characterised by the accumulation of cholesterol within the walls of the arteries, resulting in narrowing and eventually blockage.

- A Hypertension
- B Arteriosclerosis
- C Anaemia
- D Osteoporosis (1)

1.1.4 Which of the following is a common symptom of hepatitis A?

- A Jaundice
- B Difficulty breathing
- C Chest pain
- D High fever (1)

1.1.5 Which of the following is a characteristic feature of marasmus?

- A Oedema or swelling of body parts
- B Fatigue and weakness
- C Abdominal distension
- D Severe wasting and muscle loss (1)

1.2 MATCHING COLUMNS

Match the appropriate foods to be avoided or included in Column B and the symptoms in Column C and the management strategy in Column D with each of the health conditions in Column A.

Write the correct letters and numbers only for answers 1.2.1 to 1.2.5 in the table below. Each letter/number may only be used once.

COLUMN A HEALTH CONDITION	COLUMN B FOODS TO BE AVOIDED OR INCLUDED	COLUMN C SYMPTOMS	COLUMN D MANAGEMENT STRATEGY
1.2.1 Milk allergy	A. Lean proteins such as fish, poultry, beans, and lentils in order to maintain a healthy immune system.	(i) Fatigue, weakness, paleness and lack of energy.	(a) Gradually reintroduced protein-rich food such as meat, fish, eggs, milk, and legumes.
1.2.2 HIV/AIDS	B. Leafy green vegetables such as spinach and kale which are high in iron, folate and vitamin C.	(ii) Abdominal pain, cramps, bloating and gas.	(b) Ensure adequate intake of calcium from other sources such as leafy green vegetables, fortified orange juice, tofu, and almonds.
1.2.3 Gluten intolerance	C. Processed/packaged foods that contain, whey or casein.	(iii) Itchy skin, asthma, diarrhoea.	(c) Micronutrient supplementation, such as vitamin A, vitamin B6, vitamin B12, vitamin C, vitamin E, and zinc.
1.2.4 Anaemia	D. Legumes such as beans, lentils, and chickpeas, which are rich in protein, fibre and iron.	(iv) Oedema, or swelling, usually in the lower extremities, belly and face.	(d) Include alternatives such as rice, quinoa, and corn, and flours made from nuts, and seeds.
1.2.5 Kwashiorkor	E. Bread, pasta, and baked goods made with wheat, barley, or rye flour.	(v) Swollen lymph nodes, particularly in the neck, armpit, and groin.	(e) Include iron-rich foods such as red meat, poultry, fish, legumes, tofu, nuts, seeds, and fortified cereals.

Column A – Health condition	Column B – Foods avoided or included	Column C – Symptoms	Column D – Management strategy
1.2.1 Milk allergy			
1.2.2 HIV/AIDS			
1.2.3 Gluten Intolerance			
1.2.4 Anaemia			
1.2.5 Kwashiorkor			
Mark allocation	(5)	(5)	(5)

(15)
[20]

QUESTION 2

2.1 What is *anorexia nervosa*?

(4)

2.2 List FOUR physical signs or symptoms of *anorexia nervosa*.

(4)

2.3 How might cultural and societal norms contribute to the development of *anorexia nervosa*?

(6)

2.4 What are TWO potential relapse triggers for individuals with *anorexia nervosa*?

(2)

SECTION B CLOTHING AND CONSUMER-RELATED ISSUES

Spend approximately 40 minutes on this section.

QUESTION 4 SHORT QUESTIONS

4.1 Study the images, A–D below, and identify the fad, haute couture, style and classic fashion examples that each image depicts.



[Source: <<https://www.bing.com/images/>>]

Answer

A	
B	
C	
D	

(4)

4.2 MULTIPLE CHOICE

Choose the most correct answer to each of the following questions. Write only the letter(s) of your choice in the table below.

Write only the letter(s) of your choice in the table below.

Question	4.2.1	4.2.2	4.2.3	4.2.4
Answer				
Mark allocation	(2)	(1)	(2)	(1)

4.2.1 Which of the following statements are characteristics of fashion?

- A Fashion is ever-changing with seasons and trends.
- B Fashion is only limited to clothing and accessories.
- C Fashion expresses personality and style.
- D Fashion is only following trends, ignoring personal style.
- E Fashion is only meant for the wealthy and famous. (2)

4.2.2 Fashion change can be driven by ... advancements, such as the development of computer programs that generate accurate clothing patterns.

- A economic
- B social
- C technological
- D political (1)

4.2.3 Identify the environmentally friendly textiles.

- A Polyester and nylon
- B Organic cotton and wool
- C Rayon and viscose
- D Hemp and bamboo
- E Acrylic and spandex (2)

4.2.4 Socio-economic factors of clothing refer to ...

- A examination of the colour trends of clothing worldwide.
- B the affordability of clothing for different income groups.
- C identifying popular textiles in clothing production.
- D comparing the clothing styles of different cultures. (1)

[10]

5.1.2 Discuss the possible factors that caused the fashion change during the Covid-19 pandemic.

(6)

5.1.3 Discuss TWO ways in which consumers can raise the demand for local clothing.

(4)

SECTION C HOUSING AND FURNISHINGS AND CONSUMER-RELATED ISSUES

Spend approximately 50 minutes on this section.

QUESTION 6

6.1 Choose the definition in Column B that matches the housing terminology in Column A. Write only the letter of your choice in the table below.

Question	6.1.1	6.1.2	6.1.3	6.1.4	6.1.5	6.1.6	6.1.7	6.1.8
Answer								

COLUMN A HOUSING TERMINOLOGY		COLUMN B DEFINITION	
6.1.1	Deed of sale	A	A legal agreement between a borrower and a lender, usually a bank or financial institution, to provide funds to buy a house.
6.1.2	Tenant	B	A legal agreement between a landlord and a tenant that specifies the terms and conditions of renting.
6.1.3	Mortgage	C	A legal document that records the transfer of a property or an asset by one party (the seller) to another (the buyer).
6.1.4	Full title	D	Refers to the fees, duties, and taxes that are payable by the buyer of a property when reassigning ownership from the seller.
6.1.5	Lease	E	A type of property ownership where the buyer has complete ownership and control over both the property and the land it is built on.
6.1.6	Deed of transfer	F	A person or entity that rents or leases property from a landlord or property owner, such as a house, apartment, office space, or retail space.
6.1.7	Transfer costs	G	Financial protection for homeowners that typically covers damage to the insured property caused by natural disasters.
6.1.8	Levy	H	A legal document that reallocates ownership of immovable property (such as land or a house) from one person or entity to another.
		I	A building or complex is divided into individual units, such as apartments, and each unit is owned by a separate individual or entity.
		J	A mandatory financial charge or fee imposed by a governing body for the upkeep of the common property.

(8)

6.2 Study the costs below and determine if they apply when you are renting or buying a home, or if they are relevant to both options.

1. Valuation fees
2. Moving cost
3. Bank initiation fees
4. Security deposit
5. Utilities
6. Household insurance
7. Occupational rent
8. Conveyance fees

Write only the number of choice(s) in the table below.

Buying only	Renting only	Buying and Renting

(8)
[16]

QUESTION 7

Study the scenario below and answer the questions that follow.

<p>David, Sarah and their 5-year-old daughter live in a rented house. David often works in other cities. They have saved enough money to pay a deposit when they buy their own property. There are many expenses involved when purchasing property and they are aware that they will have limited funds for maintenance during the initial years. After searching through various properties, they come across two that they are interested in. They must ultimately decide between the two properties mentioned below.</p>	
<p>PROPERTY A</p> <p>R800 000,00</p> <p>Semidetached, three-bedroom house in a secure complex with a small garden. Large communal lawn and swimming pool.</p> <p>Levy, including property rates and taxes: R700,00 per month</p>	<p>PROPERTY B</p> <p>R800 000,00</p> <p>Three-bedroom house in a quiet neighbourhood with a large garden and swimming pool.</p> <p>Property rates and taxes: R600,00 per month</p>

7.1 Identify the type of home ownership of:

7.1.1 Property A

_____ (1)

7.1.2 Property B

_____ (1)

Criteria	Performance Indicators				
	5 marks	4 marks	3–2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
Introduction & conclusion	<p>The introduction provides definitions for fast fashion, environmental deterioration, and social inequity, as well as a clear and concise direction for the discussion. The conclusion is a summary of all the facts with a strong justification for or against fast fashion</p>	<p>The introduction shows an understanding of concepts but lacks some clarity A conclusion is present, but the facts were not consolidated OR there is no clear argument for or against the fast fashion industry.</p>	<p>An introduction was attempted but it shows a poor understanding of the fast fashion industry, environmental degradation and social inequality. The conclusion and consolidation of facts are attempted but lack clarity or are just a repetition of facts.</p>	<p>The introduction and conclusion were attempted but they are vague, lacking cohesion, rambling or repetitive. Neither the introduction nor the conclusion was attempted.</p>	<p>No introduction or conclusion.</p>
	<p>The response shows a thorough understanding of the environmental degradation associated with the fast fashion industry. Associated impacts and strategies to mitigate these impacts are discussed in detail. No factual errors.</p>	<p>The response shows a good understanding of environmental degradation associated with the fast fashion industry. Associated impact and strategies to mitigate these impacts are mentioned but lacks clarity. Minor factual errors.</p>	<p>The response shows an understanding of the environmental degradation associated with the fast fashion industry, but some important information is missing/incorrect.</p>	<p>The response shows a weak understanding of all concepts related to the question. The response is vague and repetitive.</p>	<p>The response shows poor, or no understanding of the environmental degradation associated with the fast fashion industry.</p>
Social inequality	<p>The response shows a thorough understanding of the social inequality associated with the fast fashion industry. Associated impacts and strategies to mitigate these impacts are discussed in detail. No factual errors.</p>	<p>The response shows a good understanding of the social inequality associated with the fast fashion industry. Associated impact and strategies to mitigate these impacts are mentioned but lacks clarity. Minor factual errors.</p>	<p>The response shows an understanding of the social inequality associated with the fast fashion industry, but some important information is missing/incorrect.</p>	<p>The response shows a weak understanding of all concepts related to the question. The response is vague and repetitive.</p>	<p>The response shows poor or no understanding of the social inequality associated with the fast fashion industry.</p>
	<p>The response written is clear, concise and written in paragraphs clearly identifying the impacts and strategies. Flow is logical. Focus is consistently maintained. The use of terminology is accurate.</p>	<p>For the most part, the article is clear, the flow is logical and in paragraphs, the focus is maintained, and the use of terminology is accurate. There are minor lapses.</p>	<p>The response has some flaws relating to clarity, reasoning, focus and terminology, which affect the quality of the article. The response is often just a list of information.</p>	<p>The article is often vague, lacking cohesion, rambling or repetitive. The terminology used is often incorrect.</p>	<p>The article is meaningless.</p>

